Putting the puzzle pieces of type 2 diabetes together

In people with type 2 diabetes, there are at least 8 core defects that can affect blood sugar levels. Doctors and scientists call these 8 core defects the “ominous octet.” (The word “ominous” suggests that something bad or unfortunate may happen in the future. And the word “octet” comes from the Latin word “octo,” meaning 8.)

The 8 core defects affecting blood sugar levels are like puzzle pieces. All of the different pieces fit together to keep your blood sugar under control. When one of the puzzle pieces is missing or does not work right, many of the other pieces can be affected.

Let’s take a closer look at each puzzle piece of the ominous octet to better understand what is happening in the body of someone with type 2 diabetes.
Type 2 diabetes and the role of GLP-1

GLP-1 is short for glucagon-like peptide-1. Think of GLP as standing for “Gut, Liver, Pancreas,” because the GLP-1 hormone affects these 3 organs and more, as described below.

When we eat, our blood sugar rises. GLP-1 gets to work right away by telling the pancreas to release the hormone insulin to keep blood sugar in balance.

1. **The gut**
The gut is made up of such organs as your stomach and intestines. When you eat, a hormone called GLP-1 is released from cells in your gut. GLP-1 slows down the release of food from your stomach, which slows down the movement of sugar into your blood.

2. **The pancreas**
The pancreas is where the hormone insulin is made. Insulin’s job is to move sugar from the bloodstream into the body’s cells for energy. In people with type 2 diabetes, over time, the beta cells in the pancreas don’t produce enough insulin. And the body may resist the insulin that the beta cells do make. This leads to too much sugar in the bloodstream instead of in the muscles and other places in the body where the sugar needs to go.

3. **The pancreas**
The pancreas is also where the hormone glucagon is made. Glucagon’s job is to prevent low blood sugar and to tell the liver, which stores sugar, to release it into the blood when your blood sugar level is too low. The release of sugar helps bring your blood sugar level back up to a normal range. This keeps your blood sugar from getting too low between meals and overnight. It also helps protect the brain, making sure it has the sugar it needs to work well. In people with type 2 diabetes, alpha cells in the pancreas release too much glucagon. This causes the liver to release too much sugar, keeping blood sugar levels high after meals and overnight.

4. **The liver**
The liver normally slows down its release of sugar into the bloodstream if blood sugar is high. But in people with type 2 diabetes, the pancreas releases too much glucagon. This causes the liver to release more sugar, leading to even higher blood sugar levels even when you are not eating.

5. **The muscles**
Your muscles get their energy from sugar. But in people with type 2 diabetes, insulin has trouble moving sugar into muscle cells. This is called insulin resistance. Insulin resistance is one of the main reasons that people with type 2 diabetes can’t get rid of extra sugar in the blood. Another reason is that the pancreas just doesn’t make enough insulin to do the job. Regardless of the reason, the result is the same: higher blood sugar levels.
6 The brain
The brain is also affected by GLP-1. GLP-1 signals your brain to help your body reduce food intake.

7 Fat
Fat cells, like muscle cells, can be insulin resistant in people who are overweight or who have type 2 diabetes. This can cause higher blood sugar levels. That is why getting rid of some fat cells with healthy eating and by staying active and keeping at a healthy weight may benefit people with type 2 diabetes.

8 The kidneys
One of the jobs of the kidneys is to reabsorb blood sugar so as not to lose the energy stored in the sugar. But in people with type 2 diabetes, blood sugar reabsorption works against keeping blood sugar at target levels. Instead of letting blood sugar go when blood sugar levels are high, the kidneys put the sugar back into the blood, making it hard to keep blood sugar levels under control.
GLP-1 treatments

The good news is that there are treatment options that work in different ways to help address the core defects of type 2 diabetes. One treatment option is a GLP-1 receptor agonist. GLP-1 receptor agonists mimic the action of GLP-1 in the body.

Ask your diabetes care team if a GLP-1 treatment is right for you. If it is, be sure to talk with your team about any questions or concerns you may have.

Questions for your team

In the space below, write down any questions that you want to ask your diabetes care team. Write down the answers as well.

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* Address 1 __________________________________________________
  Address 2  __________________________________________________
* City __________________ * State _____________________
* ZIP __________ * Email _________________________________
* Birth date mm/dd/yyyy / / /

* What type of diabetes do you or the person you care for have? (Check one)
  ☐ Type 2  ☐ Type 1  ☐ Don’t know

* What type of diabetes medicine has been prescribed? (Check all that apply)
  ☐ Insulin  ☐ GLP-1 medicine  ☐ None ☐ Other
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* If you checked “Insulin,” “GLP-1 medicine,” or “Other,” please fill in the following for each:

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