Getting Started on Once-Weekly OZEMPIC[®]

0.25	START		[0.5 _ mg	Y	1	
		· ·						
4 WEEKS			WEE	K 5 📂				
	0.25 mg for the first 4 weeks. T hance to get used to the medie		On We	eek 5, the d	ose should	d be incre	eased to 0	.5 mg.
• Take Ozempic [®] once	a week, on the same day, exac	tly as presc	ribed by y	our health	care provi	der.		
 You can take Ozempi 	c [®] with or without food.							
• You may change the	day of the week you use Ozen	npic [®] as lon	g as your	last dose w	as given 2	or more	days befo	ore.
,	Ozempic [®] , take the missed do nave passed, skip the missed d							
/ly Dose:	My Day of Week:	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun
lealth Care Provider	Notes:							

What is Ozempic[®]?

Ozempic[®] (semaglutide) injection 0.5 mg or 1 mg is an injectable prescription medicine used:

- along with diet and exercise to improve blood sugar (glucose) in adults with type 2 diabetes mellitus.
- to reduce the risk of major cardiovascular events such as heart attack, stroke, or death in adults with type 2 diabetes mellitus with known heart disease.

It is not known if Ozempic® can be used in people who have had pancreatitis.

Ozempic[®] is not for use in people with type 1 diabetes.

It is not known if Ozempic® is safe and effective for use in children under 18 years of age.

Important Safety Information

Do not share your Ozempic[®] pen with other people, even if the needle has been changed. You may give other people a serious infection, or get a serious infection from them.

Please see Important Safety Information throughout, and Instructions for Use at https://www.novo-pi.com/ozempic.pdf for complete instructions. Brief Summary of Information about Ozempic[®] provided on last page.



Important Safety Information (cont'd)

What is the most important information I should know about Ozempic®?

Ozempic[®] may cause serious side effects, including:

- Possible thyroid tumors, including cancer. Tell your health care provider if you get a lump or swelling in your neck, hoarseness, trouble swallowing, or shortness of breath. These may be symptoms of thyroid cancer. In studies with rodents, Ozempic[®] and medicines that work like Ozempic[®] caused thyroid tumors, including thyroid cancer. It is not known if Ozempic[®] will cause thyroid tumors or a type of thyroid cancer called medullary thyroid carcinoma (MTC) in people.
- Do not use Ozempic[®] if you or any of your family have ever had MTC, or if you have an endocrine system condition called Multiple Endocrine Neoplasia syndrome type 2 (MEN 2).

Do not use Ozempic[®] if:

- you or any of your family have ever had MTC or if you have MEN 2.
- you are allergic to semaglutide or any of the ingredients in Ozempic[®]. See symptoms of serious allergic reaction in "What are the possible side effects of Ozempic[®]?".

Before using Ozempic[®], tell your health care provider if you have any other medical conditions, including if you:

- have or have had problems with your pancreas or kidneys.
- have a history of diabetic retinopathy.
- are pregnant or breastfeeding or plan to become pregnant or breastfeed. It is not known if Ozempic[®] will harm your unborn baby or passes into your breast milk. You should stop using Ozempic[®] 2 months before you plan to become pregnant.

Tell your health care provider about all the medicines you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, herbal supplements, and other medicines to treat diabetes, including insulin or sulfonylureas.

What are the possible side effects of Ozempic[®]?

Ozempic[®] may cause serious side effects, including:

- inflammation of your pancreas (pancreatitis). Stop using Ozempic[®] and call your health care provider right away if you have severe pain in your stomach area (abdomen) that will not go away, with or without vomiting. You may feel the pain from your abdomen to your back.
- changes in vision. Tell your health care provider if you have changes in vision during treatment with Ozempic[®].
- low blood sugar (hypoglycemia). Your risk for getting low blood sugar may be higher if you use Ozempic[®] with another medicine that can cause low blood sugar, such as a sulfonylurea or insulin. Signs and symptoms of low blood sugar may include: dizziness or lightheadedness, blurred vision, anxiety, irritability or mood changes, sweating, slurred speech, hunger, confusion or drowsiness, shakiness, weakness, headache, fast heartbeat, and feeling jittery.
- kidney problems (kidney failure). In people who have kidney problems, diarrhea, nausea, and vomiting may cause a loss of fluids (dehydration), which may cause kidney problems to get worse. It is important for you to drink fluids to help reduce your chance of dehydration.
- serious allergic reactions. Stop using Ozempic[®] and get medical help right away if you have any symptoms of a serious allergic reaction, including swelling of your face, lips, tongue, or throat; problems breathing or swallowing; severe rash or itching; fainting or feeling dizzy; or very rapid heartbeat.

The most common side effects of Ozempic[®] may include nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, stomach (abdominal) pain, and constipation.

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout, and Instructions for Use leaflet at <u>https://www.novo-pi.com/ozempic.pdf</u> for complete instructions.

Brief Summary of Information about Ozempic® provided on last page.

Ozempic® also comes in a 1 mg pen for those who need additional blood sugar control.





Brief Summary of information about OZEMPIC® (semaglutide) injection	How should I use OZEMPIC®?					
Rx Only This information is not comprehensive.	 OZEMPIC[®] is injected under the skin (subcutaneously) of your stomach (abdomen), thigh, or upper arm. Do not inject OZEMPIC[®] into a muscle (intramuscularly) or vein (intravenously). 					
OZEMPIC • Talk to your healthcare provider or pharmacist	 Do not mix insulin and OZEMPIC[®] together in the same injection. 					
semaglutide injection osmgimg • Visit www.novo-pi.com/ozempic.pdf to	• Change (rotate) your injection site with each injection. Do not use the same site					
obtain the FDA-approved product labeling						
Call 1-888-693-6742 Do not share your OZEMPIC® pen with other people, even if the needle	 Talk to your healthcare provider about how to prevent, recognize and manage low blood sugar (hypoglycemia), high blood sugar (hyperglycemia), and problems you have because of your diabetes. 					
has been changed. You may give other people a serious infection, or get a serious infection from them.	What are the possible side effects of OZEMPIC®? OZEMPIC® may cause serious side effects, including:					
Read this Medication Guide before you start using OZEMPIC [®] and each time you get a refill. There may be new information. This information does not take the place of talking to your healthcare provider about your medical condition or your treatment.	 See "What is the most important information I should know about OZEMPIC[®]?" 					
What is the most important information I should know about OZEMPIC®? OZEMPIC® may cause serious side effects, including:	area (abuomen) mat win not yo away, with or without vorniting. Tou may reer the					
 Possible thyroid tumors, including cancer. Tell your healthcare provider if you get a lump or swelling in your neck, hoarseness, trouble swallowing, or 	 pain from your abdomen to your back. changes in vision. Tell your healthcare provider if you have changes in vision during treatment with OZEMPIC[®]. 					
shortness of breath. These may be symptoms of thyroid cancer. In studies with rodents, OZEMPIC [®] and medicines that work like OZEMPIC [®] caused thyroid tumors, including thyroid cancer. It is not known if OZEMPIC [®] will cause thyroid tumors or a type of thyroid cancer called medullary thyroid carcinoma (MTC) in people.	 low blood sugar (hypoglycemia). Your risk for getting low blood sugar may be higher if you use OZEMPIC[®] with another medicine that can cause low blood sugar, such as a sulfonylurea or insulin. Signs and symptoms of low blood sugar may include: 					
 Do not use OZEMPIC[®] if you or any of your family have ever had a type of thyroic cancer called medullary thyroid carcinoma (MTC), or if you have an endocrine 	 o dizziness or o blurred vision o anxiety, irritability, or mood changes o sweating o slurred speech o hunger 					
system condition called Multiple Endocrine Neoplasia syndrome type 2 (MEN 2).	 confusion or drowsiness shakiness weakness 					
What is OZEMPIC [®] ? OZEMPIC [®] is an injectable prescription medicine used:	headache o fast heartbeat o feeling jittery					
 along with diet and exercise to improve blood sugar (glucose) in adults with type 2 diabetes mellitus. 	may cause kidney problems to get worse. It is important for you to drink fluids to					
 to reduce the risk of major cardiovascular events such as heart attack, stroke or death in adults with type 2 diabetes mellitus with known heart disease. 	 help reduce your chance of dehydration. serious allergic reactions. Stop using OZEMPIC[®] and get medical help right 					
It is not known if OZEMPIC [®] can be used in people who have had pancreatitis.	away, if you have any symptoms of a serious allergic reaction including: swelling of your face, lips, tongue or throat 					
OZEMPIC [®] is not for use in people with type 1 diabetes. It is not known if OZEMPIC [®] is safe and effective for use in children under 18 years of age.	 problems breathing or swallowing fainting or feeling dizzy very rapid heartbeat 					
Do not use OZEMPIC® if:	The most common side effects of OZEMPIC [®] may include nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, stomach (abdominal) pain and constipation.					
 you or any of your family have ever had a type of thyroid cancer called medullary thyroid carcinoma (MTC) or if you have an endocrine system condition called Multiple Endocrine Neoplasia syndrome type 2 (MEN 2). 	Talk to your healthcare provider about any side effect that bothers you or does not go away. These are not all the possible side effects of OZEMPIC [®] . Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects. You may report side effects to					
 you have had a serious allergic reaction to semaglutide or any of the ingredients in OZEMPIC[®]. Symptoms of a serious allergic reaction include: 	FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088.					
 swelling of your face, lips, tongue or throat problems breathing or swallowing fainting or feeling dizzy very rapid heartbeat 						
Before using OZEMPIC [®] , tell your healthcare provider if you have any						
 other medical conditions, including if you: have or have had problems with your pancreas or kidneys. 						
 have a history of diabetic retinopathy. 						
 are pregnant or plan to become pregnant. It is not known if OZEMPIC[®] will harm your unborn baby. You should stop using OZEMPIC[®] 2 months before you plan to become pregnant. Talk to your healthcare provider about the best way to control your blood sugar if you plan to become pregnant or while you are pregnant. 						
 are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed. It is not known if OZEMPIC[®] passes into your breast milk. You should talk with your healthcare provider about the best way to feed your baby while using OZEMPIC[®]. 						
Tell your healthcare provider about all the medicines you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements. OZEMPIC® may affect the way some medicines work and some medicines may affect the way OZEMPIC® works.	t					
Before using OZEMPIC [®] , talk to your healthcare provider about low blood sugar and how to manage it. Tell your healthcare provider if you are taking other medicines to treat diabetes, including insulin or sulfonylureas.	Magufactured by: Nave Nardick A/C, DK 2000 Pageurard, Danmark					

taking other medicines to treat diabetes, including insulin or sulfonylureas. Know the medicines you take. Keep a list of them to show your healthcare provider and pharmacist when you get a new medicine.

